Bailey Resents "Efforts to Put Children on Level with Pigs'-Borah Quotes Watterson.

Washington, Jan. 24 .- Two hours of stormy discussion resulted in the Senate today, when Senator Borah called up for consideration his bill providing for the establishment of a children's bureau in the Department of Commerce and Labor for the surpose of gathering statistical information relating to conditions affecting children

enators Bailey and Overman led the fight against the measure. Both interposed the doctrine of state's rights as an obstacle pussage of the bill, and inveighed usion of the homes of the people," particularly of the people of the South, by governmental agencies intent on the parental relations of mothers toward their children

Senator Bailey made the illuminating argument that he did not wish to see the children of the United States placed on the same level as pigs, which are objects of interest to federal statisticians, and declared that each state should be left to take care of its own people as it pleased. He attacked the bill, as taxing the people of all the states to show how had were the conditions affecting children in particular

Senator Overman, who came to the defence of the cotton mill interests at the close of the last session by overloading the cotton schedule prepared by his party leagues in the House with a revision of the chemical schedule that stands as the most colessal tariff joke of the session, vehemently resented the instruction that the cotton of his state objected to disclosures of employed, but he devoted himself to a eulogy of the sacredness of "the humble home, which all of us came from," and denounced the intrusion on it "of long-haired men and short-haired women who assume to know more about children than parents

Objections were made by other Senators, but in a milder vein

Mr. Works, of California, the Christian Scientist of the Senate, offered an amendment restricting the distribution of the reports of the proposed bureau to such legis latures and boards of health as apply for them, on the ground that general distribution of statistics of this character is not

good for the public. The Southern Senators, Balley especially, have never recovered from their indignation because the appalling conditions attending the employment of child labor in the Southern mills were disclosed as the result of an investigation conducted by the Bureau of Labor at the demand of Con-

The Senate agreed to vote next Tuesday on the Borah bill and on amendments suggested by Senators Works and Pomerene to limit the circulation of the bureau's re-

When Senator Bailey criticised what he said were Mr. Borah's "efforts to put children on a level with pigs" he aroused Sena-The effort is to raise them to the level he replied. Mr. Borah has con-

ing the condition of hogs and cattle justifier the \$30,000 asked for the Children's Bu-

schoolmaster into every district." According to Colonel Watterson, that is

just what you are about to do," Mr. Borah

Mr. Pailey replied that "his part of the party" had no such intention.

child labor investigators. Some of those train No. 25. reports, he said, "told of children chewing

"Wasn't there a strong opposition to that investigation from the cotton mill owners of your state?" demanded Senator Dixon. Mr. Overman said he had not heard of it. Senators Heyburn and Thornton opposed the bill and Senator Hitchcock spoke in fa-

MORE FREAK LEGISLATION House Would Require Publication of Judicial Indorsements.

Washington, Jan. 21.-Freak legislation had another inning in the House to-day, when the Democrats voted that hereafter Ten Cents a Ton for Soft Coal; the Fresident shall make public all indorzements of candidates for places on the banch. Without discussion, because it had been moved to close debate, the House, practically on a strict party vote, adopted coal and 20 per cent for anthracite coal the following amendment to a pending bill were indersed to-day by the convention of the United Mine Workers of America.

Before the President shall appoint any littlet, circuit or supreme judge he shall will present their proposed new wage consist of any candidate.

Representatives of the bituminous miners will present their proposed new wage consist of any candidate.

This remarkable proposition was approved by a vote of 148 to 82.

The House was considering a bill to create an additional district judge for the February 27. Present contracts in both Chicago district, in lieu of the appointment of a circuit judge to succeed Judge Grosscup, resigned. The bill was finally passed, but not until Representative Cullop, an Indiana Democrat, had succeeded in tacking submitted to the convention to-day by its on an amendment that the President shall take the public into his confidence whenever he decides, with the consent of the Senate,

Those who opposed the Cullop proposition pointed out that the most effective way to injure the chances of a good jurist under this freakish plan would be to bring about his indorsement by undesirable per-The President, if the House bill should become a law, would have to make public indorsements which had not been made in good faith.

to make a judicial appointment.

As debate had been closed when Mr. Cullop sprang his unprecedented suggestion, minority members had no opportunity to oppose the provision on the floor and had to content themselves with voting against attempting to enforce the miners' demands it. Republican members, however, are confident that the Cullop amendment will not be taken seriously in the Senate, and one Democrat in conversation afterward said he doubted the constitutionality of amendment, as the Constitution provided that the President, with the consent of the

Senate, should make appointments to the judiclary. William Jennings Bryan, in his speech at the recent Jackson Day dinner, as well carelessly made by James B. McNamara while he was having a suit of clothes fitted by T. C. Bjorm, a tailor in Salt Lake as on previous occasions, demanded a law requiring the Executive to make public indiscriminately the names of those who City, in 1909, the federal grand jury to-day might recommend judicial appointments. obtained evidence which, it is said, The action of the House to-day is a fur-brought about important disclosures concerning the identity of men who helped to

ther tribute to the dominating influence the Nebraskan still exerts over the Demoin the debate on the Chicago judgeship

jury, is said to have heard from Mcbill Representative Mann attempted to ob-Namara not only about the plans to blow tain the adoption of an amendment inup a hotel in Salt Lake City in December creasing the salaries of district judges from of that year, but also about the details as \$5,000 to \$7,000. It was defeated by Demo- to how it was to be done and who was to

CHARLES R. HEIKE APPEALS.

Washington, Jan. 24.—Charles R. Heike, the former secretary of the American Sugar Refining Company, who was found guilty of compliancy to defraud the government in connection with the recent sugar-weighing scandals, te-day petitioned the Supreme Court to review his case, claiming immunity because of the testimony he gave the Federal Grand Jury which investigated the sugar trust,

FIGHT OVER CHILD BUREAU THE DAYINWASHINGTON COROT SELLS FOR \$85,000 THINKS PRESIDENT UNJUST

asked to explain why his name had disar

peared from the editorial page of Colone

Harvey's newspaper, has finally penetrat-

who deplore the willingness of their here

GLASSCOCK'S ANTECEDENTS. - In

order to form a correct opinion of the re-

of West Virginia that his state favored

the nomination of ex-President Roosevelt

membered, was not the choice of the Re

having Mr. Glasscock foisted upon them

to such an extent that he ran 15,000 votes

behind his ticket, being elected by a plu-

therefore, that Governor Glasscock owed

State Committee met, however, the Sen-

ing only one vote out of thirty against

Mr. Taft, and the convention followed the

lead of the committee. That Governor

Classcock should be opposed to President

Taft is to be expected from his ante-

CALIORNIA AND ROOSEVELT.

Francis J. Heney, the lawyer who became

famous by his prosecutions in San Fran-

the La Follette boomlet, passed through

this city last night, and it is understood

that he was on his way to New York.

where he went for the purpose of advisi-

exploitation of his name in California by

represent Mr. Roosevelt. Men with whom

that the worst set of men in California

are making use of the name of Mr. Roose

that he was sure Colonel Roosevelt would

that Representative Hayes, who has long

been recognized as one of the leading in

viction at the White House to-day that

TAFT'S DEMOCRACY. - An amusing

California would instruct its delegation to

vote for President Taft

the group of politicians who pretend

escape public criticism.

personal

KENYON'S INDORSEMENT.-There is o reason to believe that Senator Cummins ed the minds of a good many Democrats. will derive any extraordinary amount of comfort from the indorsement of his col- to part with everything he once possessed eague, Senator Kenyon, as made known by simply to please Colonel Bryan and to a statement given to the press by the Iowa Senator to-day. Senator Kenyon will support Iowa's favorite son, although he doubtless realizes, as do practically all the members of the lowa delegation, that such support is purely complimentary and can ome to nothing in the national convention. Mr. Kenyon takes occasion, in fact, to refer to the several complimentary votes which lowa gave in national conventions to Mr. Cummins's predecessor, "Iowa's grand old man," Senator Allison. Senator Kenyon also takes occasion to explain why he had intended to support President Taft for renomination, in terms which are at least an

intimation that he will do so again when

Washington, January 24.

TAFT'S CONTROL. There are probably few persons who realize or even stop to think of the magnificent control which 26,400 for President Taft. If will be seen, President Taft is exercising over the members of his administration, and, indeed, over his friends throughout the party, many of West Virginia. Furthermore, it is of inwhom feel the utmost indignation because terest to recall that both Senators were of the kind of warfare on the President which is being waged. Additional light on West Virginia delegation instructed for the character of this opposition is found in the announcement that Edwin Sims, former United States Attorney at Chicago, is in dismissal if they did not use their influcharge of the "Roosevelt headquarters" in that city. Sims, it will be remembered, was not reappointed by President Taft, although he was strongly indersed by Representative Mann and others, to whom President Taft explained that he could not reappoint Sims because the Attorney General found him incompetent to handle the important business of that office. The prosecution of the Beef Trust was coming to a head, and, in the opinion of the Attorney General, it was of the utmost importance that the government should enjoy, in so far as that was possible, the services of a thoroughly able lawyer, one competent to cope with the high priced legal talent the Beef Trust was able to command. In the case of Mr. Sims, as in the case of most of those who have come out for the nomination of Colonel Roosevelt to take steps to stop the the ex-President, he is a sorehead, a disappointed officeseeker, and, like several others prominent in the anti-Taft movement, he appears to be glad to work under the command of those trust managers who so bitterly resent the enforcement of the Sher-

many members of Congress who are disposed to sympathize with Governor Woodrow Wilson because William Jennings Bryan has seen fit to indorse his position surgents in the House, expressed his conin his difficulty with Colonel Harvey. those who take this view are convinced that it will prove of no assistance to the New Jersey Governor to be so closely associated with the peerless Nebraskan, but will estrange many votes in the conventistory of President Taft's democratic intion and a still greater number at the stincts is going the rounds in Washington polls, should be be nominated. It is con- apropos of the visit of the Duke of Contended that Governor Wilson has already paught. It is said that the President was sacrificed most of his principles in order asked if he purposed to provide a military to place himself in harmony with the Ne- escort for the duke while he was in this braskan, and if now he is going to the city. The President looked puzzled for a extent of repudiating all his old friends moment, then a smile broke through the order still further to win the favor clouds, lighting up his face, as he replied: of Colonel Bryan he must lose what re- "Why, when I was in Europe I always spect he has thus far retained. Further- had to stand for one of the pesky things. more, the point which The Tribune made I don't see why I should not get even with against Governor Wilson, that he was his royal highness now. This is my neither frank nor sincere when he was chance."

mundy Disaster, Probers Say.

gating committee.

rainmen, the committee said:

train No. 3 was negligent in not discoving earlier his proximity to train No. 25.

MINERS DEMAND INCREASE

20 Per Cent for Hard.

Indianapolis, Jan. 34.-Demands for wase

increases of 10 cents a ton for bituminous

tract to the operators of Indiana, Illinois Ohio, Western Pennsylvania and Wes

Virginia to-morrow in this city. The joint

conference of the anthracite miners and

operators will be held in New York City

the hard and soft coal fields expire March

The principal provisions of the draft of a

new contract for the bituminous miners

scale committee were approved without

Flat 16 cents a ton increase in wages for sick and machine mined coal, run of mine

Twenty per cent increase for day labor. Working day of seven hours "at the working place."

Five hours to constitute work day on

Saturday. Wage contract for period of two years, beginning April 1, 1912.

Whether or not the bituminous miners

negotiations are expected to occupy sev-

eral days. The miners' convention will not

adjourn until a decision has been reached

at the joint conference. The convention to-

day deferred consideration of policies of

should they be rejected by the mine own

TAILOR TELLS BOMB SECRETS

Careless Remarks by McNamara Lead

to Alleged Exposure of Others.

blow up places in the West.

Indianapolis, Jan. 24.-Through remarks

Bjorm, who testified before the grand

According to the information said to

have been given to the grand jury, Mc-

Namara was out there looking for help-

ers who were familiar with explosives

Assurances were said to have been given

by him that the system of blowing up places with bombs carried about in suit-

cases had been tried out in the East for

several years and no one had been capt-

change. They are:

WILSON'S BAD LUCK .- There are

tended that government expenditure of millions of dollars for information concern-Negligence Contributed to Kin- Count Montgelas Much in Evi-

Among the many friends who braved the Chicago, Jan. 24 .- Negligence on the part and there was too much legislation in the of three trainmen contributed to the Illin- chill winds of the White Star docks yester interest of livestock, adding that at the ois Central wreck at Kinmundy, Ill., Sun-day morning to bid Colonel John Jacob present rate "we will soon be sending a day night, in which J. T. Harahan, former Astor and his wife goodby none was more president of that line, and three other rail- in evidence than Count Alfred Montgelas. road officials were killed, an investigating of Berlin, who played a similar role for the benefit of Miss Nancy Leishman, when the The trainmen are R. J. Stuart, engineer Olympic last sailed from these shores. of train No. 2, which crashed into train No. When Mrs. Force had bid her daughter 25; John H. Brainard, conductor of train "bon voyage" and retired down the gang-Senator Overman criticised reports of No. 2, and Harry J. Boecker, flagman on plank he bowed with courtly ceremony over Mrs. Astor's gloved hand, kissed it and "Just what steps will be taken in the went ashore also. Hardly had he arrived trainmen's cases has not been determined." there when he remembered another word said W. L. Park, vice-president of the Iili- of parting which he had omitted to say. He nois Central and a member of the investi- dashed back again, said it, kissed the glove

dence at Departure.

again and again sought the pier. Regarding the alleged negligence of the The Astors are bound for Egypt on count of Mrs. Astor's health. A special The board of inquiry finds that the conductor and the flagman of train No. 25. It is considered that train No. 3 was following closely, were negligent in not using the means they had in protecting their train. The board also finds that the engineer of train will carry them across France and

Among the other passengers were the Rev. R. J. Campbell, of the City Temple, London, who said his greatest regret was at having to leave California, "the Paradise of earth"; J. Bruce Ismay, president of the International Mercantile Marine, who expressed himself as delighted with the behavior of the Olympic, and said he was coming back on the new liner Titanic on her malden trip; Domingo Merry de! Val, brother of the Pope's secretary, returning after ten years of engineering work in Chili; Mrs. James A. Burden, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Whitney and John Wanamaker, jr.

TARIFF FIGHT ON TO-DAY Democratic Steel Bill Introduced in House.

Washington, Jan. 24.-The revised iron and steel tariff schedule, approved by the Democratic caucus on Tuesday night, was introduced in the House to-day by Representative Underwood and referred to the Ways and Means Committee. 'The committee will act on the bill to-morrow, and a strict party vote is expected, the Republicans voting against it solidly.

Mr. Underwood will report the bill, with the committee recommendation that it pass, and the debate will probably begin Friday. After a conference, in which President Taft and Representatives Payne and Dalzell, minority members of the Ways and Means Committee, took part, Mr. Payne said that the minority would oppose the and operators agree upon a contract, the steel bill and would not agree to reductions in the schedule unless based on information from the Tariff Board. President Taft is understood to share the view of the Republican leaders.

SHIPS FOR PANAMA CANAL

Those on Great Lakes May Be Taken to

Pieces and Transferred. Washington, Jan. 24.-Ships now on the Great Lakes will be taken to pieces and transferred to the ocean for the Panama Canal traffic, in order to supply quickly the extra vessels needed for coast-to-coast service, according to President Dearborn of the American-Hawalian Steamship Company. He said a company had been formed to convert many of the present lake freighters into ocean carriers for the Pan-

Mr. Dearborn, who was heard by the House Committee on Interstate Commerce to-day, opposed government owned steamships for the canal or the admission of foreign ships to coastwise trade, even under the American flag. "Either of these," he said, "would be the finishing blow to our merchant marine." He urged free passage through the canal for American coastwise

WISE TO SPEAK ON JUDGES Henry A. Wise, United States District Attorney, and A. S. Gilbert, counsel to the Republican County Committee, will speak on "The Judges and the People" at a meeting of the James G. Blaine Club, of Harlem, to-morrow evening. Jacob J. Lesser, president of the organization, which has its rooms at No. 27 Lenox avenue, any bounces that the public will be welcomed.

'Lake Nemi" Causes Animated Russian Premier Complains of Bidding at Crocker Sale.

BROUGHT \$16,000 IN 1886 DISCRIMINATION, AND WHY

New Owner Western Collector-Price Marks New Record for the Barbizon Master Here.

tecedents. Mr. Glasscock, it may be re-Eighty-five thousand dollars, paid for a rot last pight at the sale of paintings publican party of his state, but was the nominee of the late Senator perts present to be the record price in nee in the days when the Senator from West Virginia was almost all powerful. the Cummins complimentary vote has been However, the people of the state resented

lower left corner "Corot 1865." W. W. Seaman, to whom it was knocked said he bought it for a well known Westat the Paris Salon in 1865, at the exposihis election to Mr. Taft's popularity in tion in that city in 1867 and at the Exposition à l'Ecole des Beaux Arts in 1875. It was purchased from William Schaus in this city in 1884 for the collection of

Mr. Taft, and even went so far as to been sold in 1886 for \$16,000. The late threaten officeholders from that state with Mrs. Alice Newcomb was the last owner of the canvas. care to prevent it. When the Republican the hanging of the picture in the grand ators were ignominiously defeated, securballroom at the Plaza was followed in a moment by a hearty round of handelap ing it. Then there was an animated scene as the great throng of art lovers listened intently for the first bid. It was \$25,000, bid y Knoedler & Co.'s representative. It was

then just two minutes past 9 o'clock. In one minute six separate bidders, in jumps of \$5,000, had doubled the first bid. In three minutes it had climbed to \$75,000, at which figure Otto Bernet, bidding for New York connolsseur, dropped out, leaving the upward struggle to a Mr. stairs and W. W. Seaman, the latter finally obtaining the canvas for \$85,000. The next highest price-\$25,000-was paid

represent C. K. G. Billings. It was a picture of the "Home of the Artist, Judge Heney talked quote him as saying Ecouen," and the bidding, which started at \$10,000, was brisk. "An Arab Scout," by Schreger, was bought by W. A. Cromwell Gérôme's "The Dead Lion" for \$1,900. Jusrepudiate them as soon as he was advised ice Philip H. Dugro bought Kaemme Van Marcke's "Springtime" brought \$9,000. R. D. Williams being the purchaser. so paid \$6,000 for "Sunset After a Storm, y Diaz de la Pena. "Venus and Cupids, the same artist, went to the Georges n the Seine," from the Crocker estate.

The total of the sale was \$236,000. These paintings sold for \$1,000 or more cinting. Artist. Buyer, ening on the Seine, "C. F. Daubigny, orge E. Horst. and Cupids," N. V. Diaz de is \$8,000 pids," N. V. Diaz de is Petit Galleries. Jean Baptiste Camille Beaman Wilhams
Sonset After a Storm," N. V. Diaz de
la Peña, R. D. Williams
Sheep in Stable," Charles Emile Jacque;
Boussed Valedon & Co.
Edge of the Woods," N. V. Diaz de la
Pena, Harrison Williams
hepperdess and Sheep," Charles Emile Louis Eugene Boudin o Near Ville D'Auvray, Jean Camille Corot, G. W. Busses 2,300 ek. Greenwich, Conn., John Ludwig Knaus; Standard Recognition of the Reco Edwin Lord inting." Aifred Kowalski von Wierusg;
Jaretski
me of the Artist at Ecouen, Jean
naries Cazin, Oito Bernel,
nour Veitigeant sur les Eaux, W. A.
nuguerau, Mrs. F. M. Latimer,
ench Wedding Procession, Prederik
eddrik Kaemmerer, Philip H. Dugro
est Wind—Havre, Leuis Eugene Bouat W. W. Searman,
s. Jardina de l'Infante, Claude
onet, Durand Roel,
ar Vernon, Claude Monet, Durand
sel. Aifred Kowalski von Wierusz; 2,700 1.100 4.100 2,000 An Arab Scout," Adolf Schreyer, Will-5.000 Dead Lion." Jean Léon Gérôme, W 1,900 Cromwell
Bolandst at Lanch," Benjamin Van, R. D. Williams
Canon's Dinner, Jehan Georges
, Set. Peter W. Rouss
Ladies Arundell, 'Sir Thomas Lawce: Mrs. E. M. Latimer,
Empress Josephine, 'John Hoppner, 3,550 1,500 1,000 rd Brandus at in Red. Franços de Troy; Otto 1.100 ait of David Garrick. Thomas shorough: W. W. Seaman Melbourne, Str. Joshua Reynolds, 4,500 1,100 houghtful," Jean Jacques Henner; W favlor d. William Adolphe Bouguereau; A. Cromwell b. Glovanni Boldini; Mrs. E. M. 2,550 3,100 Latimer No Man's Land," Alexander H. Wyant, Knoedler & Co. Daybreak, Dwight William Tryen, Knoedler & Co.

SELL GRIGSBY WATCHES One of the Bighteen Brings \$850

at Auction. The most interesting feature of the sixth ession of the sale of the Emilie Grigsby collection of art objects, held at the Anderon Galleries last night, was the high prices commanded by a number of tiny watches. In all, eighteen timepieces were disposed

of for a total of \$4,052. The one which fetched the highest price was a crystal cross with a watch inclosed. Solomon Cester was the maker. A woman, who purchased under the name of "Mrs. Carlton," obtained it for \$850. A gold watch, about the size of a 25-cent piece, made by John Machette, London, went to J. &

Goldschmidt for \$640. David Belasco and David Warfield, who re working in night and day shifts, like the riders in the six-day race, were active throughout the day, and the playwriting David set the highest price of the night when he paid \$900 for a bronze statue of Justice with a sword and scales, nor did he demand a recall when he discovered that part of the scales was missing. The same purchaser took an old Italian long-

ecked lute for \$195. The total for the evening was \$19,880. which brought the figure for the day up to \$29,502 50. The grand total of the sale is now \$119,358 59. This amount will be materially increased to-day when some paintings, including works of Franz Pourbus the Younger, J. W. Morrice, Alfred Sisley, Camille Pissarre, Anders Zorn, Eugene Boudin, Albert Herter and others, are put

MORSE STILL VERY ILL Cannot Be Moved from Fort Mc.

Pherson Hospital. Atlanta, Jan. 24.-Charles W. Morse still is at the post hospital at Fort McPherson, too ill to be moved. Ever since President Taft commuted his sentence last week the ex-banker has pleaded with his physicians to have him removed to a private hospital. "While Mr. Morse has been mentally uplifted by the President's action in his case, said Dr. A. L. Fowler to-day, "his physical condition is such that it would be dan-gerous to attempt to move him now." Dr. Fowler said there was no hope for Morse's ultimate recovery. Morse has been so ill that Dr. Fowler would not permit his personal attorney, Thomas B. Felder, to

SUNDAY'S NEW-YORK TRIBUNE Mailed anywhere in the United States for \$2.50 a year.

Abrogation of Treaty of 1832.

Each Country, He Says, Defines for Itself Classes of Undesirables.

Categoric statements by Vladimir Kokovtzoff, Premier of Russia, on the subject Lindsay, nor her spiritual leader, "Dr. belonging to the Crocker and other estates of the abrogation of the treaty of 1832 are Ottoman Zar Adusht Hanish, was a prop at the Plaza, was conceded by the art ex- published in the current number of "Collier's Weekly." M. Kokovtzoff is of opinion America for a canvas by that artist.

The title of the painting is "Lake any just ground for President Taft's action that Russia did not afford the United States Nemi," and 't is signed and dated in the in declaring the abrogation of the treaty, and points out that the very first article of the pact stipulated that American citizens arriving in Russia and Russian subjects arriving in the United States should be The picture was exhibited subject to the internal laws and regulations of the respective countries.

"To allow free entry of fereign Jews into Russia," says the Premier, "is obviously impossible under the circumstances. They would then enjoy greater rights in Russia than Russia's own Jewish subjects, Therein Mary J. Morgan, and is said to have lies the special reason for the discrimination which Russia practises toward foreign Jews wishing to enter Russia. 1 must add that existing restrictions are considered a measure of defence for the Russian masses against alien domination. Concern for such measures of protection must be understood the United States, which for similar reasons prohibited the entry of Asiatics.

M. Kokovtzoff insists that Russia has treated American Jews exactly on the same basis as all other Jews, without exception, and remarks that no civilized has ever disputed the right of another country to define for itself classes of undesirables. "The United States," he says, "estab-

ished in its immigration acts classes of undesirable allens, determined by qualifi cations of an economic, sanitary, moral, social and even religious character. Amer for a Cazin by Otto Bernet, who is said to the entry into the United States of pefsons belonging to religious bodies tolerat ing polygamy, whereas Russian legislation does not see any cause for such restriction. buyer obtained try. Wherefore, neither the Russian nor the American government saw any violation of the treaty of 1832 in the passage French Wedding Procession" for \$1,450, and enforcement of the aforesaid Americlear to every statesman." On the question of commercial reprisals

government has not yet expressed any inetit Gaileries, of Paris, for \$5,100, and tention of applying reprisals toward goods orge B. Herst bought for \$8.00 "Evening of American origin. The proposals for reprisals originated in various quarters, but body only it was required to report the government has not yet indicated in Senator Bayne appealed from the chair's

any manner its attitude thereon. The future course of the whole affair must depend upon the negotiations which will fellow between the governments regarding the basis of the new agreement. Proposals to this purpose must come from the American government as the side which de-clared abrogation."

UNCLE TO HAVE LINDSAY Neither Mother Nor "Dr." Hanish a Fit Custodian.

Chicago, Jan. 24.-Investigation of Mazdaznan cult in connection with the custody of William Lindsay, aged twelve, heir to a Philadelphia estate, closed to day when Judge Pinckney, of the Juvenile Court, entered an order holding that neither the boy's mother, Mrs. Elizabeth er custodian for the boy. The court directed that when the boy is found by the court officials he shall be given into the care of his uncle and aunt, Charles R Lindsay and his wife.

Mrs. Lindsay, who is believed to have cossession of her son, was held in contempt of court and an attachment was issued for her. The defence in thirty days may make an appeal from the order. A fist fight between newspaper photographers and followers of the Mazdaznar

cult followed the court's session. In the encounter Hanish was knocked down, his eye blackened and his clothing torn. Dr. Charles Thompson, a follower of Hanish, was beaten, four other men and two women were either knocked or pushed down and fifty persons engaged in the combat outside court door. The fisticuffs came when followers of Hanish formed a lane through which he

might pass from the court to his automobile, excluding others from that part of the sidewalk. A photographer tried to "snap" the leader of the cult and Dr. Thompson and his friends smashed the camera. Friends of the newspapermen attacked the cult followers. Police probationary officers and deputy sheriffs quelled the disturbance and hurried Hanish and his friends back into the courtroom, whence they departed

ALBANY PROBE "DEAD CAT" ican legislation, for instance, prohibited Brackett Stirs Trouble in Senate for Bayne Committee.

Albany, Jan. 24.-Lieutenant Governor Conway, presiding in the Senate, ruled to-Still, as I said, such classes of undesirable day that the concurrence of the Assembly was necessary to the extension of the time and the exercise of its functions to the Senate committee appointed at the last ses sion to investigate the affairs of Albany city and county. This ruling came on a can immigration acts. This ought to be point of order raised by the minority leader, Senator Brackett, and in the face of an earnest contention by Senator Bayne, chair-M. Kokovtzoff remarks that "the Russian man of the committe, backed up by his party associates, that the affairs of the committee are now absolutely and exclu sively in the hands of the Senate, to which

A NEW KIND OF MORTGAGE OUR ten-year mortgage com. pels you to pay a small amount on principal (one-half

of one per cent.) every six months. It allows you to pay as much more as you want.

This temptation to save is just what many people need to encourage saving and economy. Not more than \$10,000 loaned to one person on this plan. Send for circular.

Title Guarantee AND TRUST CO

Capital . \$ 4,375,000 Surplus(all carned) 10,625,000 176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Rensen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jemsica.

decision and the appeal was laid on the table until there should be a full atten

"When I go out some bright spring morn ing," said Senator Brackett, "and find a dead cat quietly reposing in my back yard. I get a man to take it out of sight and smell as quickly as possible, even though it may have been a pet cat. This investigation is an ill-smelling thing, and the quicker it is disposed of the betetr for the people of the state and infinitely better for the Democratic party.'

"I think the point of order made by the minority leader," retorted Senator Bayns. "is far more respectable than his illustration of the dead cat. In this case it is the gentleman's own party which put the cat there.'

A running debate between the two Sens tors followed. Senator Brackett referred to the "unspeakable incidents" of the committee, citing the production of a velled woman as a witness, and declared it to be a blot on the escutcheon of the state. Senator Bayne said that it was not an

unusual precedure for a woman to give testimony veiled, that not the slightest objection had been made to this at the time, and that there had been no criticism until the witness had left the jurisdiction of the

THREE YEARS FOR BUNCO KING

'H. Mason,' of New York, Goes to Jail for Swindling. Dayton, Ohio, Jan. 24.-H. Mason, of

New York, who is said to be Clay Wilson, called the "king of bunco men," was sentenced here to-day to three years in the penitentiary for obtaining money under He was accused of false pretences. swindling Louis R. Taylor, a Philadelphia broker, out of \$15,000 on a mine deal.

SUNDAY'S NEW-YORK TRIBUNE Mailed anywhere in the United States for \$2.50 a year.

The John Muanale store

TO-DAY-

The Great Wanamaker Sale of Hosiery and Underwear

Our Annual "Clearance" of Stocks 46,502 Pairs of Hose 42,739 Pieces of Underwear \$49,114 Worth Shrinks to \$27,756

An Actual Saving to Our Customers of \$21,358

A time to be here early-for quantities are limited and some lots will sell out in a few hours.

To start the day we shall have 130 salespeople, in addition to the many stock-keepers, inspectors and wrappers-a force that can be increased at any minute to keep the service quick and accurate. All but \$11,000 of the hosiery and underwear is from our own

regular stock; this \$11,000 worth is a special purchase from our regular manufacturers and is up to our own standard.

According to Custom, Nothing Sold to Dealers!

This is the annual sharing with Wanamaker patrons only of the broken lots, odd sizes and odds and ends that accumulate after a brisk year's selling.

In the lot are some "seconds" of underwear, all plainly marked; and some "mill-run" stockings-nothing that hurts the wear; all offered at very low prices.

So many inquiries have come to us asking the time of this Sale that we will heartily thank our friends to tell their friends who may fail to see this announcement. It would be a pity for any one who shared in this good fortune before to miss it this year.

Women's Underwear 28,654 pieces 25,673 pairs Women's Stockings 10c each, "seconds" of 25c quality Subway floor, Old Building 18c pair, were 25c 15c each, were 25c 25c pair, were 35 to 75c 25c each, were 35c to 75c 65c pair, were \$1 to \$1.35 50c each, were 75c to \$1 \$1.50 pair, were \$2 to \$5 JOId Building

3,092 pairs Children's Stockings 10c pair, were 25c to 50c 15c pair, were 25c to 55c Subway floor, Old Building 25c pair, were 45c to \$1 50c pair, were 90c to \$1.60 \ \rightarrow Old Building

6,960 pieces Children's Underwear 15c each, were 20c to 50c Subway floor, 18c each (3 for 50c), Old Building

35c each, were 55c to \$1.05 Main floor. Old Bldg Men's Half Hose 10c pair, were 18c 18c (3 pairs for 50c), were 25c Old Building 10c pair, were 18c

25c pair, were 35c to 75c 65c pair, mill-run \$1, \$1.50 Golf Hose—\$1.50 pair, were \$3 Golf Hose—\$2.50 pair, were \$4

made to sell for 25c each

17,737 pairs

Burlington

65c each, were \$1 to \$1.50 | Main floor (Also "seconds" of \$1 to \$2 qualities | Old Bldg. \$1 each, were \$1.50 to \$2.50

\$1.25 each, were \$2 to \$2.50 \$1.75 each, were \$2.50 to \$5

(Also "seconds" of \$1 and \$1.50 qualities

Men's Underwear 25c each, were 35c to 50c

Some are "seconds" 35c each, were 50c and 65c Some are "seconds"

50c each, were 65c to \$1.50 Some "seconds" 75c each, "seconds" of \$1.50 quality

Burlington Arcade floor, New Bldg.

Subway

Old

Bldg.

Main floor,

Old Bldg.

Subway floor,

Old Building

7,125 pieces

\$1 each, were \$2 to \$3 WANAMAKER JOHN

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co., Broadway, Fourth Avenue, Eighth to Tenth Street.